

KENANGA INVESTMENT BANK BERHAD
197301002193 (15678-H)

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PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES
AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

1. Overview

With the introduction of Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM")'s Risk-Weighted Capital Adequacy Framework ("RWCAF") and Risk-Weighted Capital Adequacy Framework for Islamic Banks ("CAFIB") - Disclosure Requirements ("Pillar 3"), Pillar 3 Disclosures for financial reporting beginning 1 January 2010 are required. The 3 Pillars of Basel II are as below:

- i) Pillar 1 sets out the minimum capital requirements for credit, market and operational risk assumed by banking institutions.
- ii) Pillar 2 supervisory review process recognises the responsibility of bank management in developing an internal capital adequacy assessment process and setting capital targets that commensurate with the bank's risk profile and control environment. The management is responsible to ensure that the bank has adequate capital to support its risks beyond the core minimum requirements.
- iii) Pillar 3 encourages market discipline by developing a set of disclosure requirements which will allow market participants to assess key pieces of information on the scope of application, capital, risk exposures, risk assessment processes, and hence the capital adequacy of banking institution.

Kenanga Investment Bank Berhad ("KIBB" or "the Group")'s Pillar 3 Disclosures are governed by the Group's Disclosure Requirement Policy Basel II - Pillar 3, whereby the Group's internal auditors would verify the information before being certified by the Group Managing Director of KIBB.

The Pillar 3 Disclosures will be published on the website, www.kenanga.com.my

Any discrepancies between the totals and sum of the components in the tables contained in this disclosure document are due to actual summation method and then rounded up to the nearest thousand.

2. Scope Of Application

The Pillar 3 Disclosures are prepared on a consolidated basis and comprise information on KIBB including Skim Perbankan Islam (KIBB's SPI/Islamic Banking Window) and its subsidiaries, associated companies and joint venture companies.

Note 3.4 (a) to the audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 describes the basis of consolidation for financial accounting purposes, which differs from that used for regulatory capital purposes. All subsidiaries of the Group are fully consolidated from the date the Group obtains control until the date such control ceases.

There are no significant restrictions or impediments on the transfer of funds or regulatory capital within the Group. The transfer of funds or regulatory capital is subject to the shareholders' and regulatory approval.

3. Capital Management

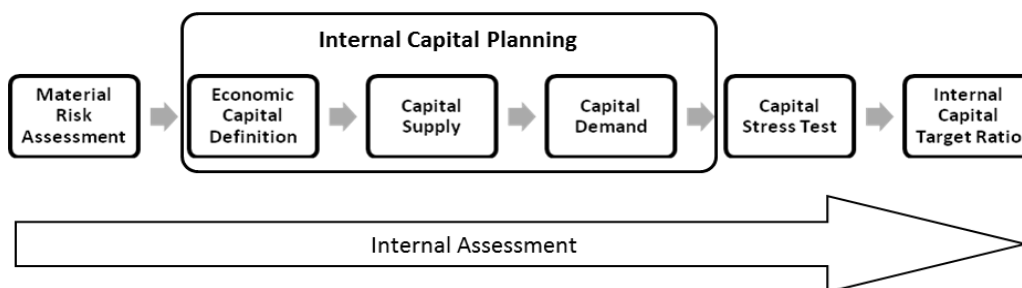
The Group's capital management is administered by the Group Risk Committee ("GRC"), Group Board Risk Committee ("GBRC") and the Board of Directors ("the Board"). The Group's capital management is guided by the BNM RWCAF and CAFIB, which are to maintain risk-weighted capital ratios above the minimum regulatory capital requirements. GRC reviews the Group's capital performance regularly to address any deviation from capital targets.

Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process

The Group has put in place an Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process ("ICAAP") to achieve this objective and to support business operations beyond minimum regulatory capital requirements, which is proportionate to its size and complexity of business, to ensure its viability in times of economic stress.

As defined by BNM's ICAAP, the Group's ICAAP states the minimum internal capital requirement for its current and future business strategies and financial plans for the next 3 years via a comprehensive risk assessment process which involves assessing the materiality of the risk, risk management process, risk measurement methodology and risk mitigation plan on its portfolio risk exposures, its risk management practices towards its material risks, the required capital for the identified material risks and potential capital planning buffer in the event of stress. An independent review will be conducted to ensure the integrity, objectivity and consistent application.

Overall ICAAP flow is summarised as follows:-



Stress Testing

As per the Group's Stress Testing Framework, the capital requirements are forecasted under exceptional, but plausible, stress events to assess the ability of the capital to withstand market shocks. If the stress test result reveals that the capital will be adversely affected under such events, action plans will be formulated to respond to the capital deficiency. The stress test result and action plan are then tabled to the GRC, GBRC and the Board for deliberations.

3. Capital Management (Cont'd)

The Group has adopted the BNM's Capital Adequacy Framework (Capital Components and Basel II - Risk-weighted Assets) and the BNM's Capital Adequacy Framework for Islamic Banks (Capital Components and Basel II - Risk-weighted Assets) (collectively referred as "the Framework").

This Framework outlines the general requirements on regulatory capital adequacy ratios, the components of eligible regulatory capital as well as the levels of those ratios at which banking institutions are required to operate. The Framework has been developed based on internationally-agreed standards on capital adequacy promulgated by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision.

The total capital and capital adequacy ratios of the Group and the Bank are computed in accordance with BNM's revised Capital Adequacy Framework (Basel II – Risk-Weighted Assets) dated 3 May 2019 and BNM's revised Capital Adequacy Framework (Capital Components) dated 9 December 2020.

(i) Components of Common Equity Tier 1 ("CET 1") capital ratio, Tier 1 and total capital:

The capital adequacy ratios of the Group are as follows:

	Group	
	30 June 2023	31 December 2022
CET 1 capital ratio	16.945%	20.936%
Tier 1 capital ratio	16.945%	20.936%
Total capital ratio	24.843%	28.913%

Breakdown of risk weighted assets in the various categories of risks are as follows:

	Group			
	30 June 2023		31 December 2022	
	Risk Weighted Asset	Min Capital Requirement at 8%	Risk Weighted Asset	Min Capital Requirement at 8%
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Credit Risk	1,571,543	125,723	1,437,747	115,020
Market Risk	286,502	22,920	142,514	11,401
Operational risk	916,283	73,303	894,847	71,588
Large Exposure Risk	13,108	1,049	13,108	1,049
Total	2,787,436	222,995	2,488,216	199,058

3. Capital Management (Cont'd)

(i) Components of Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) Capital ratio, Tier 1 Total capital

	Group	
	30 June 2023	31 December 2022
	RM'000	RM'000
CET 1 capital		
Paid-up share capital	253,834	253,834
Retained profits	612,837	655,907
Other reserves	141,225	121,077
Less: Regulatory adjustments:		
Goodwill	(241,027)	(241,027)
55% of cumulative gains of financial investments at FVOCI	(1,966)	-
Deferred tax assets	(22,951)	(25,184)
Other intangibles	(91,950)	(88,192)
Regulatory reserve	(16,347)	(17,192)
Treasury shares	(11,932)	(13,538)
Other CET 1 regulatory adjustments specified by BNM	962	1,510
Investment in ordinary shares of unconsolidated financial entities	(150,343)	(126,252)
Total CET 1 / Tier 1 capital	472,342	520,943
Tier 2 capital		
Subordinated obligations capital	200,500	180,500
General provisions^	19,644	17,972
Total Tier 2 capital	220,144	198,472
Total capital	692,486	719,415

As at the reporting date, the Group does not have capital instruments and debt instruments which qualify as additional Tier 1 capital.

^ Refers to loss allowances measured at an amount equal to 12-month and lifetime expected credit losses and regulatory reserve, to the extent they are ascribed to non-credit impaired exposures, determined under Standardised Approach for credit risk.

3. Capital Management (Cont'd)

(ii) Transitional arrangements for regulatory capital treatment of accounting provisions

The bank has elected to apply the transitional arrangements for regulatory capital treatment of accounting provisions for four financial years beginning on 1 January 2020 and apply the transitional arrangements with 31 December 2020 as the first reporting period.

Under the transitional arrangements, the bank is allowed to add back the amount of loss allowance measured at an amount equal to 12-month and lifetime expected credit losses to the extent they are ascribed to non-credit-impaired exposures ("Stage 1 and Stage 2 provisions") to CET1 Capital.

The capital adequacy ratios of the Group are as follows:

	Group			
	30 June 2023		31 December 2022	
	With transitional arrangement	Without transitional arrangement	With transitional arrangement	Without transitional arrangement
CET 1 capital ratio	16.945%	16.911%	20.936%	20.876%
Tier 1 capital ratio	16.945%	16.911%	20.936%	20.876%
Total capital ratio	24.843%	24.810%	28.913%	28.852%

4. Risk Management

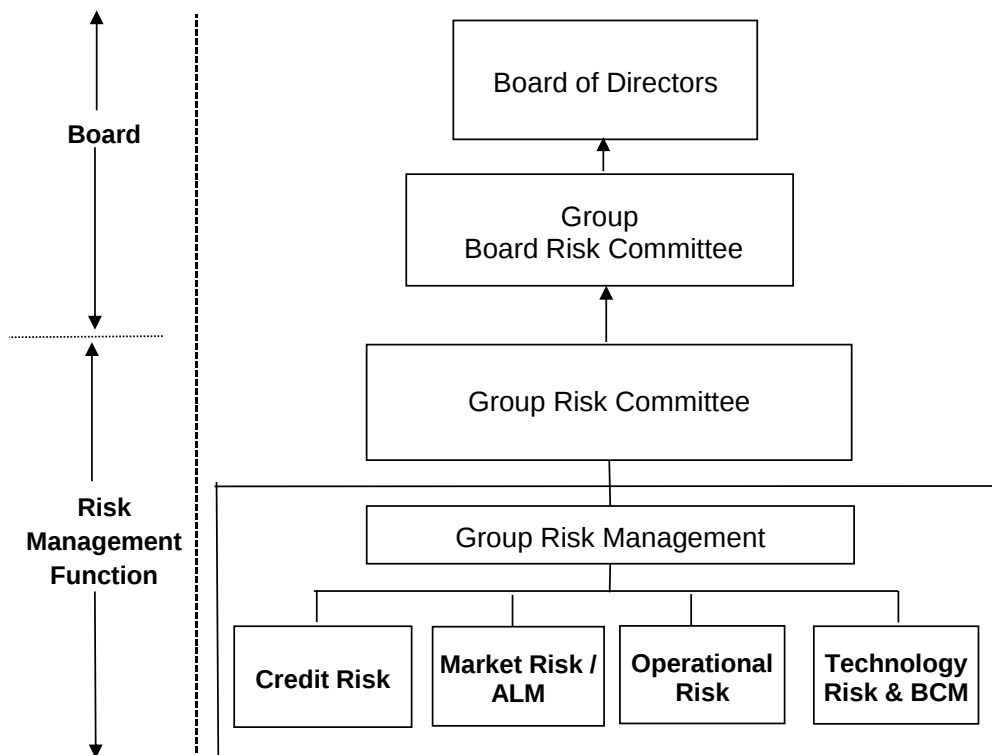
The Group establishes a strong risk management governance with an enterprise risk management framework as a pillar for other risk guidelines and sound practices. The risk governance structure in the framework defines the roles and responsibilities throughout the organization to ensure accountability and ownership.

The risk management philosophy adopted by the Group is based on the three (3) lines of defence approach. The line management is the first line of defence and is primarily responsible for the day-to-day risk management by identifying the risks, assessing impact and taking appropriate action to manage and mitigate risks.

The second (2) line of defence is the oversight functions which are Group Risk Management and Group Compliance. They perform independent monitoring of business units, reporting to management to ensure that the Group is conducting business and operations within internal guidelines and is regulatory compliant.

The third (3) line of defence is Group Internal Audit which provides independent assurance to the Board on adequacy and effectiveness of system of internal controls, risk management and governance process.

The risk management and risk reporting structure are as follows:-



4. Risk Management (Cont'd)

The Board is responsible to ensure that KIBB has in place effective and comprehensive risk management policies, procedures and infrastructure to identify, measure, control and monitor the various types of risks undertaken by the Group. The Board approves and periodically reviews the risk management capabilities to ensure their ability to support business strategic objectives, plans and activities. It is important to emphasize that the ultimate responsibility for a sound risk management and effectiveness of the internal control system lies with the Board.

The GBRC is a delegated authority to support the Board in meeting the expectations on risk management for the Group. The GBRC is entrusted to ensure the risk management framework, policy and procedure is consistently adopted throughout the Group and is within the parameters established by the Board. In discharging the duties, the GBRC reviews risk management reports vis-a-vis the risk exposure, risk portfolio composition and risk management activities.

The GRC assists and supports the GBRC to oversee the assets and liabilities management, market risk, credit risk, operational risk, liquidity risk, technology risk and business risk management. They undertake the oversight function for capital management, monitoring of risk profiles and ensure the risk limits are complied, as guided by the risk policies approved by the Board.

The independent Group Risk Management ("GRM") provides support to the dedicated risk management committees. It is responsible for ensuring the risk policies are implemented and complied with. It is also actively involved in the risk management process via the identification, measurement, mitigating, controlling, monitoring and reporting of risk.

The Group reviews its risk management policies regularly to ensure it remains relevant by taking into consideration of the emerging risks arising from the ever-changing market environment and regulatory requirements.

5. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the potential loss as a result of failure by the customers or counterparties to meet their contractual financial obligations.

The minimum regulatory capital requirement on credit risk of the Group is as follows:

Exposure Class	Gross Exposure Class before credit risk mitigation	Net Exposure Class after credit risk mitigation	Risk Weighted Assets	Minimum Capital Requirements at 8%
As at 30 June 2023	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
On-Balance Sheet Exposures				
<u>Performing Exposures</u>				
Sovereigns/Central Banks	501,988	501,988	-	-
Banks, Development Financial Institutions & MDBs	1,908,759	1,908,759	381,752	30,540
Corporates	979,599	646,797	376,241	30,099
Regulatory Retail	23,459	23,459	23,459	1,877
Higher Risk Assets	1,294	1,294	1,940	155
Other Assets	2,140,632	992,964	356,522	28,522
Equity Exposure				
<u>Defaulted Exposures</u>				
Corporates	3,109	3,109	4,663	373
Other Assets	71,805	44,459	52,623	4,210
Total for On-Balance Sheet Exposures*	5,630,645	4,122,829	1,197,200	95,776
Off-Balance Sheet Exposures				
Direct Credit Substitutes	6,000	6,000	6,000	480
Other commitments with an original maturity of:-				
- up to 1 year	15,409	15,409	15,409	1,233
- over 1 year	38,500	38,500	38,500	3,080
Commitments to extend credit with maturity of :-				
Up to 1 year				
- foreign exchange related contract	2,718	2,718	1,032	82
- equity related contracts	86,500	86,500	51,850	4,148
Over 1 year				
- equity related contracts	38	38	38	3
Forward Assets Purchases	5,177	5,177	5,177	414
Securities borrowing and lending	4,721	118	24	2
Monies Held in Trust	1,281,566	1,281,566	256,313	20,505
Total for Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	1,440,629	1,436,026	374,343	29,947
Total for On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	7,071,274	5,558,855	1,571,543	125,723

5. Credit Risk (Cont'd)

Exposure Class	Gross Exposure Class before credit risk mitigation	Net Exposure Class after credit risk mitigation	Risk Weighted Assets	Minimum Capital Requirements at 8%
As at 31 December 2022	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
On-Balance Sheet Exposures				
<u>Performing Exposures</u>				
Sovereigns/Central Banks	365,005	365,005	-	-
Banks, Development Financial Institutions & MDBs	1,780,197	1,780,197	356,039	28,483
Corporates	1,073,651	708,961	361,557	28,925
Regulatory Retail	706	706	706	57
Higher Risk Assets	1,294	1,294	1,940	155
Other Assets	2,045,219	929,457	357,125	28,570
Equity Exposure				
<u>Defaulted Exposures</u>				
Corporates	-	-	-	-
Other Assets	59,018	36,413	41,999	3,360
Total for On-Balance Sheet Exposures*	5,325,090	3,822,033	1,119,366	89,550
Off-Balance Sheet Exposures				
Obligations under underwriting agreements				
Other commitments with an original maturity of:-				
- up to 1 year	11,112	11,112	11,112	889
- over 1 year	12,500	12,500	12,500	1,000
Commitments to extend credit with maturity of :-				
Up to 1 year				
- foreign exchange related contract	926	926	656	53
- equity related contracts	96,422	96,422	61,630	4,930
Over 1 year				
- equity related contracts	25	25	25	2
Forward Assets Purchases	18,554	18,554	18,554	1,484
Securities borrowing and lending	11,102	440	88	7
Monies Held in Trust	1,069,081	1,069,081	213,816	17,105
Total for Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	1,219,722	1,209,060	318,381	25,470
Total for On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	6,544,812	5,031,093	1,437,747	115,020

As per the Group's credit approval process, the credit approval function is segregated from credit origination in order to maintain independence and integrity of the process. Discretionary powers are assigned to credit approving authorities based on their experience, seniority and track record. For large credit exposure exceeding certain threshold, an independent assessment is required from the Group Risk Management ("GRM"), before submission of the proposal to the respective Approving Authority.

5. Credit Risk (Cont'd)

The Group Credit Committee ("GCC") approves major credit decisions and introduces guidelines and procedures to control and monitor credit risk. In addition to the above, GCC receives updates of the credit performance or profile of the credit exposures to ensure that appropriate actions are taken to prevent deterioration of the Group's assets quality.

Both GCC and GRC support the GBRC in credit risk management as an oversight function. The internal risk management reports which include the Group's credit profile and credit risk exposure, are presented to the GRC and the GBRC on a regular basis. The GCC also reviews the Group's credit profile of the credit portfolios and recommends necessary actions to ensure that the credit risk remains within the established risk tolerance level. The Credit Risk section in GRM is responsible to formulate and review risk policies, guidelines and procedures for compliance by the business units.

Past due loans, advances and financing are loans where the customer has failed to make a principal or interest payment when contractually due.

Impaired loans, advances and financing are loans whereby payments of principal or interest or both are past due for three months or more, or loans which are past due for less than three months which exhibit indications of credit weaknesses.

Please refer to note 3.4(k)(i) in the financial statements of approaches for the Expected Credit Loss provisions.

Group	Manufacturing (incl. agri-based)	Electricity, gas & water supply	Wholesale & retail trade, and hotel & restaurant	Real estate	Transport, storage and communications	Finance and insurance	Household	Others	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Financial assets									
Cash and bank balances	-	-	-	-	-	1,809,293	-	-	1,809,293
Statutory deposit with Bank Negara Malaysia	-	-	-	-	-	48,163	-	-	48,163
Balances due from clients and brokers	-	-	3,489	5,009	797	221,836	218,299	49,679	499,109
Financial assets at FVTPL									
Islamic Corporate Sukuk	-	9,411	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,411
Unquoted shares and unit trust funds in Malaysia	-	26,662	-	-	-	44,950	-	98,205	169,817
Derivative financial assets	-	-	-	24,549	15	-	8,033	48,203	80,800
Net loans, advances and financing									
Term loans	-	-	54,105	-	4,007	-	38,650	292,086	388,848
Islamic term loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	37,631	58,813	96,444
Share margin financing	-	-	24,751	31,558	-	-	908,011	210,832	1,175,152
Islamic share margin financing	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,104	-	14,104
Others	-	-	8,034	-	-	-	10,488	8,026	26,548
Financial investments at FVOCI									
Malaysian Government Securities	-	-	-	-	-	30,409	-	-	30,409
Malaysian Government Investment Certificates	-	-	-	-	-	145,529	-	-	145,529
Islamic Negotiable Instruments of Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	99,635	-	-	99,635
Corporate Bonds	-	15,378	-	-	-	15,142	-	14,631	45,151
Islamic Corporate Sukuk	-	23,902	-	-	18,178	102,505	-	15,342	159,927
Islamic Corporate Bills	-	-	-	994	-	-	-	-	994
Unquoted equities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,293	1,293
Financial investments at AC									
Corporate Bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malaysian Government Securities	-	-	-	-	-	49,695	-	-	49,695
Malaysian Government Investment Certificates	-	-	-	-	-	228,078	-	-	228,078
Islamic Corporate Sukuk	-	-	-	-	-	126,922	-	-	126,922
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	189,110	189,110
	-	75,353	90,379	62,110	22,997	2,922,157	1,235,216	986,220	5,394,432
					Non-Financial Assets				249,239
					Trading Book				(18,095)
					Expected Credit Loss (Stage 1 and 2)				5,069
					Total for On-Balance Sheet Exposures*				5,630,644

5. Credit risk (cont'd)

(a) Industry analysis as at 31 December 2022

Group	Manufacturing (incl. agri-based) RM'000	Electricity, gas & water supply RM'000	Wholesale & retail trade, and hotel & restaurant RM'000	Real estate RM'000	Transport, storage and communications RM'000	Finance and insurance RM'000	Household RM'000	Others RM'000	Total RM'000
Financial assets									
Cash and bank balances	-	-	-	-	-	1,732,786	-	-	1,732,786
Statutory deposit with Bank Negara Malaysia	-	-	-	-	-	58,403	-	-	58,403
Balances due from clients and brokers	5,660	-	-	227	922	166,464	234,208	20,157	427,638
Financial assets at FVTPL									
Islamic Corporate Sukuk	-	9,042	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,042
Malaysian Government Investment Certificates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unquoted shares and unit trust funds in Malaysia	-	26,662	-	-	-	44,950	-	96,972	168,584
Derivative financial assets	-	-	-	27,465	15	-	5,274	52,463	85,217
Net loans, advances and financing									-
Term loans	-	-	57,110	-	5,989	-	22,137	328,532	413,768
Islamic term loans	-	-	-	2,513	-	-	41,689	39,865	84,067
Share margin financing	-	-	24,756	30,423	-	-	866,346	201,187	1,122,712
Islamic share margin financing	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,311	-	13,311
Others	-	-	12,464	-	-	-	20,424	23,729	56,617
Financial investments at FVOCI									-
Malaysian Government Securities	-	-	-	-	-	19,373	-	-	19,373
Malaysian Government Investment Certificates	-	-	-	-	-	59,534	-	-	59,534
Corporate Bonds	-	14,889	-	-	-	25,151	-	14,555	54,595
Islamic Corporate Sukuk	-	23,214	-	-	19,997	120,938	-	20,228	184,377
Unquoted equities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,294	1,294
Financial investments at AC									
Corporate Bonds	-	-	-	-	-	20,002	-	-	20,002
Malaysian Government Securities	-	-	-	-	-	49,677	-	-	49,677
Malaysian Government Investment Certificates	-	-	-	-	-	177,316	-	-	177,316
Islamic Corporate Sukuk	-	-	-	-	-	202,119	-	-	202,119
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	162,536	162,536
	5,660	73,807	94,330	60,628	26,923	2,676,713	1,203,389	961,518	5,102,968
									Non-Financial Assets
									Trading Book
									Expected Credit Loss (Stage 1 and 2)
									5,022
									Total for On-Balance Sheet Exposures*
									5,325,090

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5. Credit risk (cont'd)

(b) Analysis of Financial Assets By Remaining Contractual Maturities

The table below summarises the residual contractual maturity profile of the Group's financial assets as at 30 June 2023. The contractual maturity profile often may not reflect the actual behavioural patterns.

Group 30 June 2023								
	On Demand	Up to 1 month	>1 to 3 months	>3 to 6 months	>6 to 12 months	>1 year	Non Specific Maturity	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
On-Balance Sheet Exposures								
Cash and bank balances	468,984	1,250,733	89,576	-	-	-	-	1,809,293
Statutory deposit with Bank Negara Malaysia	-	-	-	-	-	-	48,163	48,163
Financial assets at FVTPL	-	-	-	-	-	9,411	169,817	179,228
Derivative financial assets	-	101	1,965	5,869	72,865	-	-	80,800
Financial instruments at FVOCI	3,107	49,892	55,744	5,027	15,142	352,732	1,294	482,938
Financial instruments at AC	-	10,010	-	-	-	394,685	-	404,695
Loans, advances and financing	241,197	1,189,257	-	7,019	96,918	166,705	-	1,701,096
Balances due from clients and brokers	-	499,109	-	-	-	-	-	499,109
Other assets	6,494	81,652	2,249	3,365	-	-	95,350	189,110
Total On-Balance Sheet Exposures	719,782	3,080,754	149,534	21,280	184,925	923,533	314,624	5,394,432
								Non-Financial Assets
								249,239
								Trading Book
								(18,095)
								Expected Credit Loss (Stage 1 and 2)
								5,069
								Total for On-Balance Sheet Exposures*
								5,630,645

Group 31 December 2022								
	On Demand	Up to 1 month	>1 to 3 months	>3 to 6 months	>6 to 12 months	>1 year	Non Specific Maturity	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
On-Balance Sheet Exposures								
Cash and bank balances	498,690	1,201,431	22,613	10,052	-	-	-	1,732,786
Statutory deposit with Bank Negara Malaysia	-	-	-	-	-	-	58,403	58,403
Financial assets at FVTPL	-	-	-	-	-	9,042	168,584	177,626
Derivative financial assets	-	27,479	-	-	4,530	53,208	-	85,217
Financial instruments at FVOCI	-	9,978	45,017	-	10,078	252,806	1,294	319,173
Financial instruments at AC	-	-	45,029	50,002	10,065	344,018	-	449,114
Loans, advances and financing	228,608	1,139,384	5,639	79,749	18,595	218,500	-	1,690,475
Balances due from clients and brokers	-	427,638	-	-	-	-	-	427,638
Other assets	4,991	65,255	3,415	2,304	-	-	86,571	162,536
Total On-Balance Sheet Exposures	732,289	2,871,165	121,713	142,107	43,268	877,574	314,852	5,102,968
								Non-Financial Assets
								234,926
								Trading Book
								(17,826)
								Expected Credit Loss (Stage 1 and 2)
								5,022
								Total for On-Balance Sheet Exposures*
								5,325,090

5. Credit risk (cont'd)

(c) Geographical Distribution of Major Credit Exposures as at 30 June 2023

Group	In Malaysia RM'000	Outside Malaysia RM'000	Total RM'000
Financial Assets			
Cash and bank balances	1,809,293	-	1,809,293
Statutory deposit with Bank Negara Malaysia	48,163	-	48,163
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			
Islamic Corporate Sukuk	9,411	-	9,411
Unquoted Shares and funds in Malaysia	169,817	-	169,817
Derivative financial assets	80,800	-	80,800
Net loans, advances and financing			
Term loans	388,848	-	388,848
Islamic Term loans	96,444	-	96,444
Share margin financing	1,172,694	2,458	1,175,152
Islamic margin financing	14,104	-	14,104
Others	26,548	-	26,548
Balances due from clients and brokers	480,648	18,461	499,109
Financial instruments at FVOCI			
Malaysian Government Securities	30,409	-	30,409
Malaysian Government Investment Certificates	145,529	-	145,529
Negotiable Instruments of Deposits	-	-	-
Islamic Negotiable Instruments of Deposits	99,635	-	99,635
Corporate bonds	45,151	-	45,151
Islamic Corporate Sukuk	159,927	-	159,927
Islamic Corporate Bills	994	-	994
Unquoted equities	1,293	-	1,293
Financial investments at amortised cost			
Corporate Bonds	49,695	-	49,695
Islamic Malaysian Government Investment Issues	228,078	-	228,078
Corporate bonds	-	-	-
Islamic Corporate Sukuk	126,922	-	126,922
Other assets	189,110	-	189,110
	<u>5,373,513</u>	<u>20,919</u>	<u>5,394,432</u>
Non-Financial Assets			249,239
Trading Book			(18,095)
Expected Credit Loss (Stage 1 and 2)			5,069
Total for On-Balance Sheet Exposures*			<u>5,630,645</u>

5. Credit risk (cont'd)

(c) Geographical Distribution of Major Credit Exposures as at 31 December 2022

Group	In Malaysia RM'000	Outside Malaysia RM'000	Total RM'000
Financial Assets			
Cash and bank balances	1,732,786	-	1,732,786
Statutory deposit with Bank Negara Malaysia	58,403	-	58,403
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			
Malaysian Government Investment Certificates	-	-	-
Malaysian Government Securities	-	-	-
Corporate Bills	-	-	-
Islamic Corporate Sukuk	9,042	-	9,042
Unquoted shares and unit trust funds in Malaysia	168,584	-	168,584
Derivative financial assets	85,217	-	85,217
Net loans, advances and financing			
Term loans	413,768	-	413,768
Islamic Term loans	84,067	-	84,067
Share margin financing	1,119,177	3,535	1,122,712
Islamic margin financing	13,311	-	13,311
Others	56,617	-	56,617
Balances due from clients and brokers	419,349	8,289	427,638
Financial instruments at FVOCI			
Malaysian Government Securities	19,373	-	19,373
Malaysian Government Investment Certificates	59,534	-	59,534
Negotiable Instruments of Deposits	-	-	-
Islamic Negotiable Instruments of Deposits	-	-	-
Corporate bonds	44,590	10,005	54,595
Islamic Corporate Sukuk	184,377	-	184,377
Unquoted equities	1,294	-	1,294
Financial investments at amortised cost			
Malaysian Government Securities	49,677	-	49,677
Islamic Malaysian Government Investment Issues	177,316	-	177,316
Corporate bonds	20,002	-	20,002
Islamic Corporate Sukuk	202,119	-	202,119
Other assets	162,536	-	162,536
	<u>5,081,139</u>	<u>21,829</u>	<u>5,102,968</u>
Non-Financial Assets			234,926
Trading Book			(17,826)
Expected Credit Loss (Stage 1 and 2)			5,022
Total for On-Balance Sheet Exposures*			<u>5,325,090</u>

5. Credit Risk (Cont'd)

(d) Impairment allowance for loans, advances and financing are as follows:

Share margin financing:

An analysis of changes in the expected credit loss ("ECL") allowances in relation to share margin financing is as follows :

Movement in ECL	30 June 2023			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
As at 1 January	-	-	17,033	17,033
Assets derecognised or repaid (excluding write-offs)	-	-	(500)	(500)
Net remeasurement of allowance	-	-	(6,345)	(6,345)
As at 30 June	-	-	10,188	10,188

Movement in ECL	31 December 2022			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
As at 1 January	-	-	13,789	13,789
Assets derecognised or repaid (excluding write-offs)	-	-	(1,706)	(1,706)
Net remeasurement of allowance	-	-	4,950	4,950
As at 31 December	-	-	17,033	17,033

Term loan and subordinated term loan:

An analysis of changes in the expected credit loss ("ECL") allowances in relation to term loan is as follows :

Movement in ECL	30 June 2023			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
As at 1 January	170	2,900	-	3,070
New assets originated or purchased	258	-	-	258
Assets derecognised or repaid (excluding write-offs)	(59)	-	-	(59)
As at 30 June	369	2,900	-	3,269

Movement in ECL	31 December 2022			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
As at 1 January	2,936	-	-	2,936
New assets originated or purchased	93	-	-	93
Assets derecognised or repaid (excluding write-offs)	(122)	-	-	(122)
Impact of remeasurement	(12)	-	-	(12)
Changes in model assumption or	(2,725)	2,900	-	175
As at 31 December	170	2,900	-	3,070

5. Credit Risk (Cont'd)

(d) Impairment allowance for loans, advances and financing are as follows:

Other lending and factoring receivables :

An analysis of changes in the ECL allowances in relation to other loans and financing is as follows:

Movement in ECL	30 June 2023			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
As at 1 January	-	-	2,270	2,270
New assets originated or purchased	-	-	-	-
Assets derecognised or repaid (excluding write-offs)	-	-	(1,644)	(1,644)
Dilution of interest in Subsidiary	-	-	(484)	(484)
As at 30 June	-	-	142	142

Movement in ECL	31 December 2022			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
As at 1 January	13	-	664	677
New assets originated or purchased	-	-	1,786	1,786
Assets derecognised or repaid (excluding write-offs)	(13)	-	(180)	(193)
As at 31 December	-	-	2,270	2,270

(e) Gross loans, advances and financing analysed by geographical distribution

	Group	
	30 June 2023	31 December 2022
	RM'000	RM'000
Malaysia	1,712,237	1,709,313
Outside Malaysia	2,458	3,535
	<u>1,714,695</u>	<u>1,712,848</u>

(f) Impaired loans, advances and financing analysed by economic purpose

	Group	
	30 June 2023	31 December 2022
	RM'000	RM'000
Working Capital	142	5,630
Purchase of securities	29,315	30,346
Others	5,760	7,203
Gross amount of impaired loans	<u>35,217</u>	<u>43,179</u>

5. Credit Risk (Cont'd)

(g) Impaired and past due loans, advances and financing and allowances by industry and geographical distribution

Impaired loans, advances and financing	Past due loans	30 June 2023		Charges/ writeback	Write-Offs
		ECL provisions under Stage 3	ECL provisions under Stage 1 and 2		
RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000

Malaysia

Wholesale & retail trade, and hotel & restaurant
Real Estate
Transport, Storage and Communications
Household
Others

142	-	142	-	(2,127)	-
-	31,556	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
35,075	312	10,188	-	(6,845)	-
-	48,293	-	3,269	198	-
35,217	80,161	10,330	3,269	(8,774)	-

Impaired loans, advances and financing	Past due loans	31 December 2022		Charges/ writeback	Write-Offs
		ECL provisions under Stage 3	ECL provisions under Stage 1 and 2		
RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000

Malaysia

Wholesale & retail trade, and hotel & restaurant
Real Estate
Transport, Storage and Communications
Finance and insurance
Household
Others

5,146	-	1,786	-	1,786	-
-	30,423	-	-	(2,356)	-
484	-	484	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
37,008	15	17,033	-	5,601	-
-	63,386	-	3,070	120	-

Outside Malaysia

Others

541	-	-	-	-	-
43,179	93,824	19,303	3,070	5,151	-

5. Credit Risk (Cont'd)

5.1 Assignment of Risk Weights for Portfolio Under the Standardised Approach

Under the Standardised Approach, the Group uses the External Credit Assessment Institutions ("ECAI") rating approved by BNM to determine the relevant credit risk weights exposed to Sovereigns and Central Banks, Banking Institutions and Corporates for the purpose of risk weighted assets computation.

The eligible ECAI ratings used by the Group, which are recognised by BNM in the RWCAF, are as follows:

- (a) S&P Global Ratings ("S&P")
- (b) Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's")
- (c) Fitch Ratings ("Fitch")
- (d) RAM Holdings Berhad ("RAM") (Formerly known as Rating Agency Malaysia Berhad)
- (e) Malaysian Rating Corporation Berhad ("MARC")

The Group maps the rating categories of different ECAs to the risk weights as per the guidelines provided by BNM as follows:

(i) Sovereigns and Central Banks

Rating Category	S&P	Moody's	Fitch	Risk Weight
1	AAA to AA-	Aaa to Aa3	AAA to AA-	0%
2	A+ to A-	A1 to A3	A+ to A-	20%
3	BBB+ to BB-	Baa1 to Ba3	BBB+ to BB-	50%
4	BB+ to B-	Ba1 to B3	BB+ to B-	100%
5	CCC+ to D	Caa1 to C	CCC+ to D	150%
Unrated				100%

(ii) Banking Institutions

Rating Category	S&P	Moody's	Fitch	RAM	MARC	Risk Weight	Original Maturity <6 mths	Original Maturity <3 mths
1	AAA to AA-	Aaa to Aa3	AAA to AA-	AAA to AA3	AAA to AA-	20%	20%	20%
2	A+ to A-	A1 to A3	A+ to A-	A1 to A3	A+ to A-	50%	20%	
3	BBB+ to BBB-	Baa1 to Baa3	BBB+ to BBB-	BBB1 to BBB3	BBB+ to BBB-	50%	20%	
4	BB+ to B-	Ba1 to B3	BB+ to B-	BB1 to B3	BB+ to B-	100%	50%	
5	CCC+ to D	Caa1 to C	CCC+ to D	C1 to D	C+ to D	150%	150%	
Unrated						50%	20%	

5. Credit Risk (Cont'd)

5.1 Assignment of Risk Weights for Portfolio Under the Standardised Approach (Cont'd)

(iii) Corporate

Rating Category	S&P	Moody's	Fitch	RAM	MARC	Risk Weight
1	AAA to AA-	Aaa to Aa3	AAA to AA-	AAA to AA3	AAA to AA-	20%
2	A+ to A-	A1 to A3	A+ to A-	A1 to A3	A+ to A-	50%
3	BBB+ to BB-	Baa1 to Ba3	BBB+ to BB-	BBB1 to BB3	BBB+ to BB-	100%
4	B+ to D	B1 to C	B+ to D	B1 to D	B+ to D	150%
Unrated						100%

(iv) Banking Institutions and Corporate (Short Term)

Rating Category	S&P	Moody's	Fitch	RAM	MARC	Risk Weight
1	A-1	P-1	F1+, F1	P-1	MARC-1	20%
2	A-2	P-2	F2	P-2	MARC-2	50%
3	A-3	P-3	F3	P-3	MARC-3	100%
4	Others	Others	B to D	NP	MARC-4	150%

As specified in the RWCAF, in instances where an exposure does not have an issuer or issue rating, the exposure shall be deemed unrated and the rating of another rated obligation of the same counterparty may be used if the exposure is ranked at least pari passu with the obligation that is rated. However, in the event where a counterparty or an exposure is rated by more than one ECAI, the second highest rating is used to determine the risk weight. For credit exposures which are secured by guarantees issued by eligible or rated guarantors, the risk weights similar to that of the guarantor are assigned.

5. Credit risk (cont'd)

5.1 Assignment of Risk Weights for Portfolio Under the Standardised Approach (cont'd)

(b) Credit Risk Disclosure on Risk Weights as at 30 June 2023

Group

Risk Weights	Exposures after Netting and Credit Risk Mitigation							Total Exposures after Netting & Credit Risk Mitigation		Total Risk Weighted Assets
	Sovereigns & Central Banks	Banks, MDBs and FDIs	Insurance Cos, Securities Firms & Fund	Corporates	Regulatory Retail	Higher Risk Assets	Other Assets	Equity Exposures	RM'000	RM'000
	RM'000	RM'000		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000		
Performing Exposures										
0%	501,988	-	-	221,880	-	-	470,360	-	1,194,228	-
10%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20%	-	3,192,526	88	142,605	-	-	207,599	-	3,542,818	708,564
35%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
75%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
90%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100%	-	-	-	367,695	23,459	-	320,181	-	711,335	711,335
150%	-	-	-	61,612	-	1,294	-	-	62,906	94,358
Total	501,988	3,192,526	88	793,792	23,459	1,294	998,140	-	5,511,287	1,514,257
Defaulted Exposures										
0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50%	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,000	-	2,000	1,000
100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,130	-	24,130	24,130
150%	-	-	-	3,109	-	-	18,329	-	21,438	32,156
Total	-	-	-	3,109	-	-	44,459	-	47,568	57,286
Grand Total	501,988	3,192,526	88	796,901	23,459	1,294	1,042,599	-	5,558,855	1,571,543

5. Credit risk (cont'd)

5.1 Assignment of Risk Weights for Portfolio Under the Standardised Approach (cont'd)

(a) Credit Risk Disclosure on Risk Weights as at 31 December 2022

Group

Risk Weights	Exposures after Netting and Credit Risk Mitigation								Total Exposures after Netting &	
	Sovereigns & Central Banks	Banks, MDBs and FDIs	Insurance Cos, Securities Firms & Fund Managers	Corporates	Regulatory Retail	Higher Risk Assets	Other Assets	Equity Exposures	Credit Risk Mitigation	Total Risk Weighted Assets
	RM'000	RM'000		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Performing Exposures										
0%	365,005	-	-	306,448	-	-	448,851	-	1,120,304	-
10%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20%	-	2,849,829	272	136,261	-	-	154,349	-	3,140,711	628,142
35%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
75%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
90%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100%	-	-	-	320,265	706	-	344,810	-	665,781	665,781
150%	-	-	-	66,590	-	1,294	-	-	67,884	101,825
Total	365,005	2,849,829	272	829,564	706	1,294	948,010	-	4,994,680	1,395,748
Defaulted Exposures										
0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50%	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	5	2
100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,232	-	25,232	25,232
150%	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,176	-	11,176	16,765
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,413	-	36,413	41,999
Grand Total	365,005	2,849,829	272	829,564	706	1,294	984,423	-	5,031,093	1,437,747

5. Credit Risk (Cont'd)

5.1 Assignment of Risk Weights for Portfolio Under the Standardised Approach (cont'd)

(c) Disclosure on related exposures according to ratings by ECAIs:

(i) Sovereigns and Central Banks

Exposure Class	Ratings of Corporate by Approved ECAI					
	1	2	3	4	5	Unrated
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	501,988	-	-	-	-	-
Total	501,988	-	-	-	-	-

(ii) Banks, MDBs and FIs

Exposure Class	Ratings of Corporate by Approved ECAI					
	1	2	3	4	5	Unrated
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	3,192,526	-	-	-	-	-
Total	3,192,526	-	-	-	-	-

(iii) Corporates

Exposure Class	Ratings of Corporate by Approved ECAI					
	1	2	3	4	5	Unrated
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	331,825	26,178	181,571	3,109	-	254,218
Total	331,825	26,178	181,571	3,109	-	254,218

5.2 Credit Risk Mitigation Disclosure

As a fundamental credit principle, the Group's credit facilities are granted based on the credit standing of the borrower, source of repayment and debt servicing ability. To mitigate the credit risk assumed, the collateral is taken whenever possible. The main types of collateral accepted by the Group are shares, land and properties as well as plant and machinery. The monitoring of collateral value is carried out periodically, depending on the type, liquidity and volatility of the collateral value.

The Group uses Credit Risk Mitigation ("CRM") method to reduce the credit risk exposure, under the Credit Risk Weighted Asset ("RWA") computation. The adoption of CRM is accordance to the BNM Guideline and the Group's stringent internal requirement, focusing on the legal right to claim the collateral, liquidity of the collateral, and the significance level of the correlation between the counterparty and the collateral. Currently, the only eligible collateral accepted as credit risk mitigation by the Group is listed shares under share margin financing and corporate loans/financing businesses.

The Group also manages the market or credit risk concentrations of the listed shares (accepted as eligible collateral), at inception during credit proposal assessment / evaluation and during the assessment on the material correlation between the counterparty and the collateral. These concentrations are subject to the Group's Single Counterparty Exposure Limit on counterparties' exposures and the Group's Management Action Trigger ("MAT") on the share counter concentrated exposures.

5. Credit risk (cont'd)

5.2 Credit Risk Mitigation

(a) Disclosure on Credit Risk Mitigation as at 30 June 2023

Group	Exposures before CRM	Exposures Covered by Guarantees / Credit Derivatives	Exposures Covered by Eligible Financial Collateral	Exposures Covered by Other Eligible Collateral
Exposure Class	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000

Credit Risk

On Balance Sheet Exposures

Sovereigns/Central Banks	501,988	-	-	-
Banks, Development Financial Institutions & MDBs	1,908,759	-	-	-
Corporates	979,599	-	332,801	-
Regulatory Retail	23,459	-	-	-
Higher Risk Assets	1,294	-	-	-
Other Assets	2,140,633	-	1,147,669	-
Equity Exposure	-	-	-	-
Defaulted Exposures	74,913	-	27,346	-
TOTAL for On Balance Sheet Exposures	5,630,645	-	1,507,816	-

Off Balance Sheet Exposures Other than OTC

Derivatives or Credit Derivatives	1,440,629	-	4,603	-
TOTAL for Off Balance Sheet Exposures	1,440,629	-	4,603	-
TOTAL for On and Off Balance Sheet Exposures	7,071,274	-	1,512,419	-

(b) Disclosure on Credit Risk Mitigation as at 31 December 2022

Group	Exposures before CRM	Exposures Covered by Guarantees / Credit Derivatives	Exposures Covered by Eligible Financial Collateral	Exposures Covered by Other Eligible Collateral
Exposure Class	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000

Credit Risk

On Balance Sheet Exposures

Sovereigns/Central Banks	365,005	-	-	-
Banks, Development Financial Institutions & MDBs	1,780,197	-	-	-
Corporates	1,073,651	-	364,690	-
Regulatory Retail	706	-	-	-
Higher Risk Assets	1,294	-	-	-
Other Assets	2,045,219	-	1,115,762	-
Equity Exposure	-	-	-	-
Defaulted Exposures	59,018	-	22,605	-
TOTAL for On Balance Sheet Exposures	5,325,090	-	1,503,057	-

Off Balance Sheet Exposures Other than OTC

Derivatives or Credit Derivatives	1,219,722	-	10,662	-
TOTAL for Off Balance Sheet Exposures	1,219,722	-	10,662	-
TOTAL for On and Off Balance Sheet Exposures	6,544,812	-	1,513,719	-

5. Credit risk (cont'd)

5.3 Composition of Off-Balance Sheet Exposures

Off-balance sheet exposures of the Group are mainly from the following:

- 1) Direct Credit Substitutes
- 2) Forward Asset Purchases
- 3) Obligations under an on-going underwriting agreement
- 4) Undrawn Credit Facility
- 5) Miscellaneous Commitments

The management of off-balance sheet exposures is in accordance to the credit risk management approach as set out in this Pillar 3 Disclosures.

The following tables present the breakdown of the off-balance sheet exposures of the Group:

30 June 2023	Principal Amount	Credit Conversion Factor	Credit Equivalent Amount	Risk Weighted Assets
	RM'000		RM'000	RM'000
Direct Credit Substitutes	6,000	100%	6,000	6,000
Forward Asset Purchases	5,177	100%	5,177	5,177
Other commitments with an original maturity of				
- up to 1 year	77,046	20%	15,409	15,409
- over 1 year	77,000	50%	38,500	38,500
Commitments to extend credit with maturity of :-				
Less than 1 year				
- foreign exchange related	126,603		2,718	1,032
- equity related contracts	129,680		86,500	51,850
More than 1 year				
- equity related contracts	473		38	38
Any commitments that are unconditionally cancelled at any time by the bank without prior notice	2,691,106	0%	-	-
Miscellaneous Commitments	1,286,287	100%	1,286,287	256,337
	<u>4,399,372</u>		<u>1,440,629</u>	<u>374,343</u>

31 December 2022	Principal Amount	Credit Conversion Factor	Credit Equivalent Amount	Risk Weighted Assets
	RM'000		RM'000	RM'000
Forward Asset Purchases	18,554	100%	18,554	18,554
Other commitments with an original maturity of				
- up to 1 year	55,561	20%	11,112	11,112
- over 1 year	25,000	50%	12,500	12,500
Commitments to extend credit with maturity of :-				
Less than 1 year				
- foreign exchange related	46,184		926	656
- equity related contracts	149,817		96,422	61,630
More than 1 year				
- equity related contracts	315		25	25
Any commitments that are unconditionally cancelled at any time by the bank without prior notice	2,749,435	0%	-	-
Miscellaneous Commitments	1,080,183	100%	1,080,183	213,904
	<u>4,125,049</u>		<u>1,219,722</u>	<u>318,381</u>

The credit limits for the counterparty credit exposures in regards to off-balance sheet items such as Over The Counter derivative transactions, repo-style transactions and credit derivative contracts, are established in accordance with the Group's standard credit approval processes. The credit processes take into consideration of the counterparty's credit profile, types of underlying instrument, valuation method, collateral quality and requirements, tenure, and concentration risk. No additional credit reserves are established with regards to off-balance sheet counterparty exposure.

6. Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of incurring financial losses in the Group's trading portfolios arising from movements in market parameters such as equity prices, foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. The types of market risk that the Group is exposed to are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, equity risk and option risk.

Interest rate risk refers to the risk of financial loss in the Group's fixed income trading portfolio due to adverse movements in interest rates.

Meanwhile, the Profit rate risk refers to the potential risk of financial loss on the Islamic window of the Group arising from the changes in the market rate returns.

The Group manages such risk via pre-approved risk limits which include among others portfolio size limits, cut-loss limits and Value-at-Risk ("VaR") limits as detailed in the Risk and Investment Management Policy for Fixed Income Portfolio.

Foreign currency exchange risk refers to the risk of financial loss from holding foreign currency positions due to adverse movements in foreign currency rates. Foreign currency positions of the Group originate from Treasury activities as well as from the Group's investments and retained earnings that are not denominated in Ringgit Malaysia. The Group manages such risk through funding in the same functional currencies, where possible, and having pre-approved net open position limits as a Group as well as for individual currencies.

Equity risk refers to the risk of financial loss on the Group's equity and equity derivative trading positions arising from adverse movements in equity prices. The Group manages equity risk using pre-approved trading risk limits such as portfolio limits, sensitivity-base limits, stop-loss limits, etc. as per the respective relevant policies.

Option risk refers to the risk of financial loss on the Group in the event the prepayment of the option that may be exercised is not fulfilled.

The Group adopts the Standardised Approach for the calculation of regulatory market risk capital. The minimum regulatory capital requirement on market risk is as follows:

Exposure Class	Long Positions	Short Positions	Net Positions	Risk Weighted Assets	Minimum Capital Requirements at 8%
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000

As at 30 June 2023

Interest rate risks	50,370	-	50,370	33,463	2,677
Equity position risks	111,683	(74,764)	36,919	107,436	8,595
Foreign exchange risks	6,433	(14,058)	(7,625)	14,058	1,125
Option risks	10,053	-	10,053	125,660	10,053
Profit Rate Risk	10,233	-	10,233	5,885	470
			<u>99,950</u>	<u>286,502</u>	<u>22,920</u>

Exposure Class	Long Positions	Short Positions	Net Positions	Risk Weighted Assets	Minimum Capital Requirements at 8%
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000

As at 31 December 2022

Interest rate risks	83,709	-	83,709	9,882	790
Equity position risks	73,604	(35,806)	37,798	94,685	7,575
Foreign exchange risks	2,463	(3,548)	(1,085)	3,548	284
Option risks	2,752	-	2,752	34,399	2,752
Profit Rate Risk	-	-	-	-	-
			<u>123,174</u>	<u>142,514</u>	<u>11,401</u>

7. Interest Rate Risk in Banking Book

Interest rate risk in the banking book ("IRRBB") arises from the repricing mismatches of the Group's assets and liabilities. The primary objective in managing the IRRBB is to manage the volatility in the Group's net interest income ("NII") and economic value of equity ("EVE").

EVE is the change in the value of the Group's net assets in response to changes in interest rate. EVE is computed based on methodology spelled out under BNM's guideline on "Reporting Requirements for Interest Rate and Rate of Return Risk in the Banking Book" issued on 30th June 2020.

The treatments and assumptions applied are based on the contractual repricing maturity and remaining maturity of the products, whichever is earlier. Items with indefinite repricing maturity are treated based on the earliest possible repricing date. The actual dates may vary from the repricing profile allocated due to factors such as pre-mature withdrawals, prepayment and so forth.

	MYR	USD	SGD	Other Foreign Currency	Total
As at 30 June 2023	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Earnings at Risk ("NII")					
Parallel 150 bps up	(8,202)	1,417	(26)	(31)	(6,842)
Parallel 150 bps down	8,202	(1,417)	26	31	6,842
Economic Value Impact ("EV")*					
Parallel 150 bps up	(48,678)	(195)	-	1	(48,872)
Parallel 150 bps down	48,678	195	-	(1)	48,872
Steeper	(32,135)	236	-	(1)	(31,900)
Flattener	25,803	(294)	-	1	25,510
Short Rate Up	(29,918)	(374)	-	2	(30,290)
Short Rate Down	29,918	374	-	(2)	30,290

	MYR	USD	SGD	Other Foreign Currency	Total
As at 31 December 2022	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Earnings at Risk ("NII")					
Parallel 150 bps up	(4,948)	1,513	(27)	(38)	(3,500)
Parallel 150 bps down	4,948	(1,513)	27	38	3,500
Economic Value Impact ("EV")*					
Parallel 150 bps up	(33,222)	(80)	-	1	(33,302)
Parallel 150 bps down	33,222	80	-	(1)	33,302
Steeper	(21,185)	99	-	(1)	(21,087)
Flattener	16,546	(123)	-	1	16,424
Short Rate Up	(20,474)	(156)	-	2	(20,628)
Short Rate Down	20,474	156	-	(2)	20,628

* Exclude tax impact

8. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to meet its financial commitments and obligations as they come due without incurring unusual losses. The Group's liquidity risk management is aligned with the regulatory liquidity risk management framework. The Group manages its liquidity risk by adopting the two minimum standards for liquidity and funding, namely the Liquidity Coverage Ratio ("LCR") and Net Stable Funding Ratio ("NSFR"). The LCR is aimed to promote short-term resilience of the Group's liquidity profile by ensuring that it has sufficient high quality liquid assets to fulfil its short-term obligations under severe stress period lasting 30 days. Whilst, the NSFR focuses to reduce funding risk by requiring the Group to fund its activities with sufficiently stable sources of funding in order to mitigate the risk of future funding stress.

Contingency funding plans are in place to identify early warning signals of a liquidity problem. The contingency funding plans also set out the crisis escalation process as well as the various strategies to be employed to preserve liquidity including an orderly communication channel during a liquidity problem. The liquidity positions and stress test results are reported to the GRC on a monthly basis.

9. Operational Risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss arising from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events. The objective of the operational risk management of the Group is to manage its operational risk within an acceptable level.

The Group's operational risk management framework sets out the Group's approach to identifying, assessing, monitoring and mitigating operational risk. The Group Operational Risk Committee ("GORC") assists the GRC and GBRC in operational risk management oversight. The objective of this committee is to promote risk ownership and risk management by the business and functional departments. It is responsible to monitor and deliberate on Group's Operational risk related issues which include recommending risk mitigating actions.

The Group's business and support units are responsible to identify, manage and mitigate operational risks within their business lines other than ensuring their business activities are in compliance with the approved policies, guidelines, procedures and limits. There are 3 main operational risk management tools being developed in managing Operational risk which are Risk and Control Self-Assessment, which involves in identifying and assessing inherent risks, as well as assessment of the existing measure control effectiveness. Key risk indicators to collect data on an ongoing basis for early detection of operational control deficiencies. Operational risk loss data collection facilitates an enhanced analysis and timely reporting of operational risk events which helps to assess the Group's operational risk exposure and to strengthen the internal control environment.

The operational risk management reports are tabled to the GORC, GRC and the GBRC for deliberations, supported with required analysis, mitigating action plans in managing operational risk.

The Group adopts the Basic Indicator Approach for Operational Risk Weighted Asset computation.

Operational Risk	30 June 2023		31 December 2022	
	Risk Weighted Assets	Minimum Capital Requirements at 8%	Risk Weighted Assets	Minimum Capital Requirements at 8%
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
	916,283	73,303	894,847	71,588

10. Equity Exposures in Banking Book

The tables below present the equity exposures in the banking book.

	30 June 2023		31 December 2022	
	Risk Weighted Assets	Minimum Capital Requirements at 8%	Risk Weighted Assets	Minimum Capital Requirements at 8%
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
<u>Privately held</u>				
For socio-economic purposes	1,940	155	1,940	155
For non socio-economic purposes	92,418	7,393	92,418	7,393
Total	94,358	7,548	94,358	7,548

(i) Privately held

The privately held equity investments are unquoted and stated at fair value after impairment.

(ii) Gains and losses on equity exposures in banking book

The table below present the gains and losses on equity exposures in the banking book.

	30 June 2023	31 December 2022
	RM'000	RM'000
<u>Privately held</u>		
Cumulative realised gains arising from sales and liquidations in the reporting period	-	-
Total unrealised gain	26,187	26,187

(iii) Publicly traded

The Group do not have publicly traded equity investments in the banking book as at 31 December 2022 and 30 June 2023.

11. Shariah Governance Disclosures

There is no Shariah non-compliant transaction nor events during the period under review. The Group does not use Profit Sharing Investment Account ("PSIA") as a risk absorbent mechanism.

Capital Adequacy Ratios - Islamic Banking

Capital Adequacy Ratios of the Islamic window are as follows:

	30 June 2023	31 December 2022
CET 1 capital ratio	57.120%	71.578%
Tier 1 capital ratio	57.120%	71.578%
Total capital ratio	57.846%	72.506%

	30 June 2023	31 December 2022
	RM'000	RM'000
CET 1 capital		
Islamic Banking Funds	120,000	120,000
Retained profits	63,887	63,780
Other reserves	7,781	7,216
Less:		
Intangible assets	(2)	(2)
Deferred Tax	-	(115)
55% of cumulative gains of financial investments at FVOCI	(205)	-
Regulatory Reserve	(2,152)	(2,261)
Total CET 1 / Tier 1 capital	<u>189,309</u>	<u>188,618</u>
Tier 2 capital		
General provision	2,406	2,446
Total Tier 2 capital	<u>2,406</u>	<u>2,446</u>
Total capital	<u>191,715</u>	<u>191,064</u>

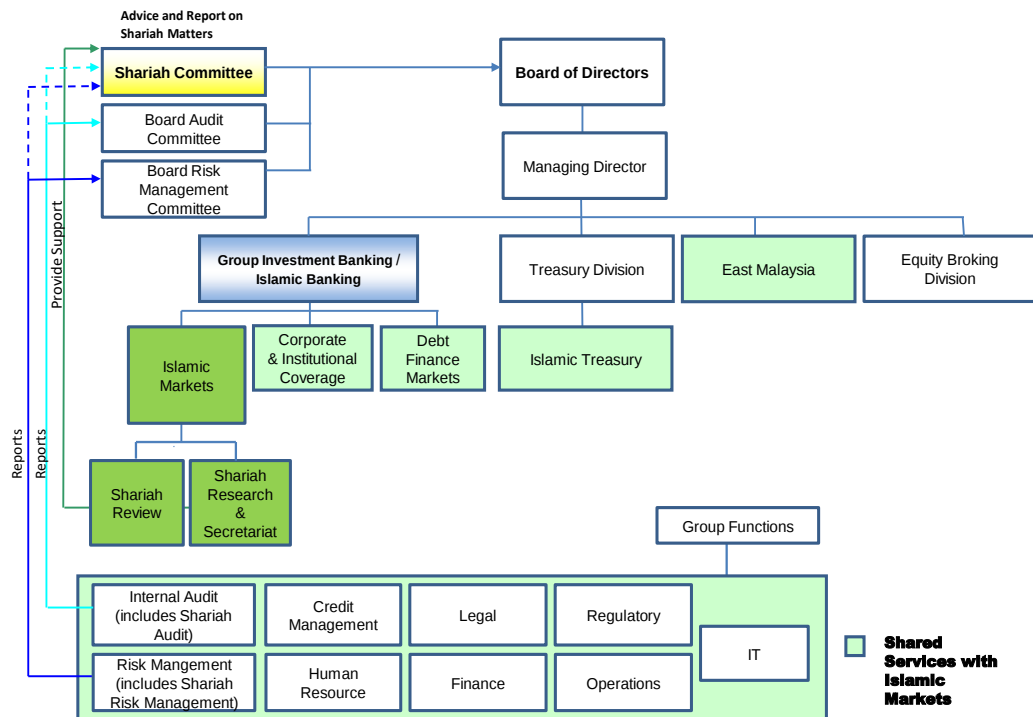
As at date of reporting, the Group does not have capital instruments and debt instruments which qualify as additional Tier 1 capital.

Risk Weighted Assets and Capital Requirements of the Islamic window are as follows:

	30 June 2023		31 December 2022	
	Risk Weighted Asset	Minimum Capital Requirement at 8%	Risk Weighted Asset	Minimum Capital Requirement at 8%
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Credit Risk	296,954	23,756	234,543	18,763
Market Risk	5,884	471	-	-
Operational risk	28,585	2,287	28,971	2,318
Total	<u>331,423</u>	<u>26,514</u>	<u>263,514</u>	<u>21,081</u>

11. Shariah Governance Disclosures (Cont'd)

KIBB SKIM PERBANKAN ISLAM OPERATION : ORGANIZATION CHART



The Shariah Committee reports to the Board and this reporting structure reflects the status of the Shariah Committee as an independent advisory body of KIBB. Meanwhile, the day-to-day operations of the Islamic banking operations ("SPI") are under the Islamic Banking Division.

The Head of Investment Banking / Islamic Banking Division reports to the Group Managing Director of KIBB. The key functions of the division will be undertaken by Islamic Markets which oversee administratively the other two sub-units – Shariah Research & Secretariat and Shariah Review. Islamic Markets will be in charge of origination of business deals as well as supporting the function of Head Investment Banking / Islamic Banking Division. The division will also receive support from Shariah Audit (under Group Internal Audit) and Shariah Risk (under GRM) to strengthen the framework of Shariah Governance for KIBB Islamic banking window. The key note on the KIBB SPI structure are as follows:

- Group Managing Director is assisted by Group Executive Committee and Senior Management
- Any communication to Shariah Committee will be made through Shariah Secretariat
- Shariah Risk, Shariah Research & Secretariat and Shariah Review may escalate any important Shariah non-compliance issue to the Head, Investment Banking / Islamic Banking Division if it is urgent for corrective action without waiting for Shariah Committee meeting.

11. Shariah Governance Disclosures (Cont'd)

Regulatory Capital Requirements

The minimum regulatory capital requirement on credit, market and operational risk of the Islamic window is as follows:

Exposure Class	Gross Exposure	Net Exposure	Risk Weighted Assets	Minimum Capital Requirements at 8%
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
As at 30 June 2023				
On-Balance Sheet Exposures				
<u>Performing Exposures</u>				
Sovereigns/Central Banks	70,291	70,291	-	-
Banks, Development Financial Institutions & MDBs	537,968	537,968	107,594	8,607
Corporates	330,722	271,489	143,887	11,511
Regulatory Retail	-	-	-	-
Other Assets	17,839	3,734	583	47
<u>Defaulted Exposures</u>				
Corporates	3,109	3,109	4,663	373
Other Assets	3	-	-	-
Total for On-Balance Sheet Exposures	959,932	886,591	256,727	20,538
Off-Balance Sheet Exposures				
Other commitments with an original maturity of:-				
- up to 1 year	12,727	12,727	12,727	1,018
- over 1 year	27,500	27,500	27,500	2,200
Total for Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	40,227	40,227	40,227	3,218
Total for On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	1,000,159	926,818	296,954	23,756
Islamic Banking				
	Long Positions	Short Positions		
Profit Rate Risk	10,233	-	10,233	471
			10,233	471
Operational Risk			28,585	2,287
Total RWA and Capital Requirements			331,423	26,514

11. Shariah Governance Disclosures (Cont'd)

Exposure Class	Gross Exposure	Net Exposure	Risk Weighted Assets	Minimum Capital Requirements at 8%
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
As at 31 December 2022				
On-Balance Sheet Exposures				
<u>Performing Exposures</u>				
Sovereigns/Central Banks	29,878	29,878	-	-
Banks, Development Financial Institutions & MDBs	437,839	437,839	87,568	7,005
Corporates	337,442	271,253	132,751	10,620
Regulatory Retail	-	-	-	-
Other Assets	17,261	3,949	538	44
<u>Defaulted Exposures</u>				
Corporates				
Other Assets	18	14	16	1
Total for On-Balance Sheet Exposures	822,438	742,933	220,873	17,670
Off-Balance Sheet Exposures				
Other commitments with an original maturity of:-				
- up to 1 year	13,670	13,670	13,670	1,094
- over 1 year	-	-	-	-
Total for Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	13,670	13,670	13,670	1,094
Total for On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	836,108	756,603	234,543	18,763
Islamic Banking	Long Positions	Short Positions		
Profit Rate Risk	-	-	-	-
			-	-
Operational Risk			28,971	2,318
Total RWA and Capital Requirements			263,514	21,081

Note: The Group does not use Profit-sharing Investment Account ("PSIA") as a risk absorbent mechanism.

KENANGA INVESTMENT BANK BERHAD
197301002193 (15678-H)

ATTESTATION BY GROUP MANAGING DIRECTOR

I, Datuk Chay Wai Leong, the Group Managing Director of KENANGA INVESTMENT BANK BERHAD, do hereby attest that the disclosures on Risk-Weighted Capital Adequacy Framework ("RWCAF") and Risk-Weighted Capital Adequacy Framework for Islamic Banks ("CAFIB") - Disclosure Requirements ("Pillar 3") as at 30 June 2023 set out in pages 1 to 33 are to the best of my knowledge and belief, accurate, complete and not misleading in any particular manner.



DATUK CHAY WAI LEONG

Kuala Lumpur

Date: